

**U.G. 4th Semester Examination - 2020****GEOGRAPHY****[HONOURS]****Course Code : GEOH-CC-T-8****(Regional Planning and Development)**

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2½ Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.***UNIT-I****(Regional Planning)****Marks : 20**

1. Answer any **three** from the following:  $2 \times 3 = 6$ 
  - a) Define planning.
  - b) Differentiate formal from functional region.
  - c) What do you mean by cultural region?
  - d) What is imperative planning?
  - e) Distinguish between regionalism and regionalisation.
2. Answer any **one** from the following:  $4 \times 1 = 4$ 
  - a) Specify the needs of regional planning in India.
  - b) Give the concept of metropolitan.

*[Turn Over]*

3. Answer any **one** from the following:  $10 \times 1 = 10$ 
  - a) Elucidate the salient characteristics of multi level planning in India.
  - b) Discuss the techniques of delineation of formal region.

**UNIT –II****(Regional Development)****Marks: 40**

4. Answer any **seven** from the following:  $2 \times 7 = 14$ 
  - a) Bring out the principal objective of HDI.
  - b) What is forward linkage?
  - c) What do you understand by growth centre?
  - d) What do you mean by underdevelopment?
  - e) Differentiate the growth from development.
  - f) What do you understand by growth foci?
  - g) Name any two underdeveloped countries.
  - h) What is back wash effect?
  - i) Distinguish between balance and imbalance developments.
  - j) What is Social Overhead Capital (SOC)?
  - k) What is external economics?

5. Answer any **four** from the following:  $4 \times 4 = 16$

- a) Discuss the notion of core periphery after Friedman.
- b) State the significance of balance development in India.
- c) Trace out the changing concept of development with examples.
- d) Analyse the measures of human development.
- e) Highlight the stages of regional development after Rostow.
- f) State the criticisms of cumulative causation model (Myrdal).

6. Answer any **one** from the following:  $10 \times 1 = 10$

- a) Bring out the major indicators of regional imbalances in India.
  - b) Critically evaluate the growth pole model of Perroux.
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